What to Why to How: A Game Design Speedrun

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1. What

"Play is free movement within a more rigid structure."

Working Definition of **Sandbox** (Puentedura)

"A sandbox is the result of relaxing one or more of the definitional aspects of a game."

2. Why

Successful Games (Koster)

Successful Games		
Include These Items	To Avoid	
Preparation before challenges	Results due to pure chance	
A sense of a game space	The perception of the game as trivial	
A solid core mechanic	The game not being perceived as a game	
A range of challenges	The game being exhausted too quickly	
A range of required abilities	The game being perceived as simplistic	
Skill in using the required abilities	The game being perceived as tedious	

Also Have	Because	
Variable feedback	Players like to see greater skill result in greater rewards	
Ways to accommodate beginners & experts	Beginners need not get clobbered, or experts "bottom feed"	
A definite cost for failure	Players feel cheated by "never-lose" games	

Boring Games (Koster)

In Boring Games		
When Players Say	They Mean	
The game is too easy	Game patterns are too simple	
The game is too involved	They are uninterested in the info required to detect patterns	
The game is too hard	Patterns are perceived as noise	
The game becomes too repetitive	New patterns are added too slowly	
The game becomes too hard	New patterns are added too fast	
The game runs out of options	All game patterns are exhausted	

Four Keys to Emotion in Games (Lazzaro)

Players like the opportunities for challenge, strategy and problem solving.

Generates Frustration, Fiero

game curiosity fiero **Easy** Hard Fun Fun goal player experience **People Serious** Fun Fun relaxation amusement life

Players enjoy intrigue and curiosity, becoming immersed in games that absorb their complete attention or take them on an exciting adventure. Generates Wonder, Awe, Curiosity, Mystery.

open

ended

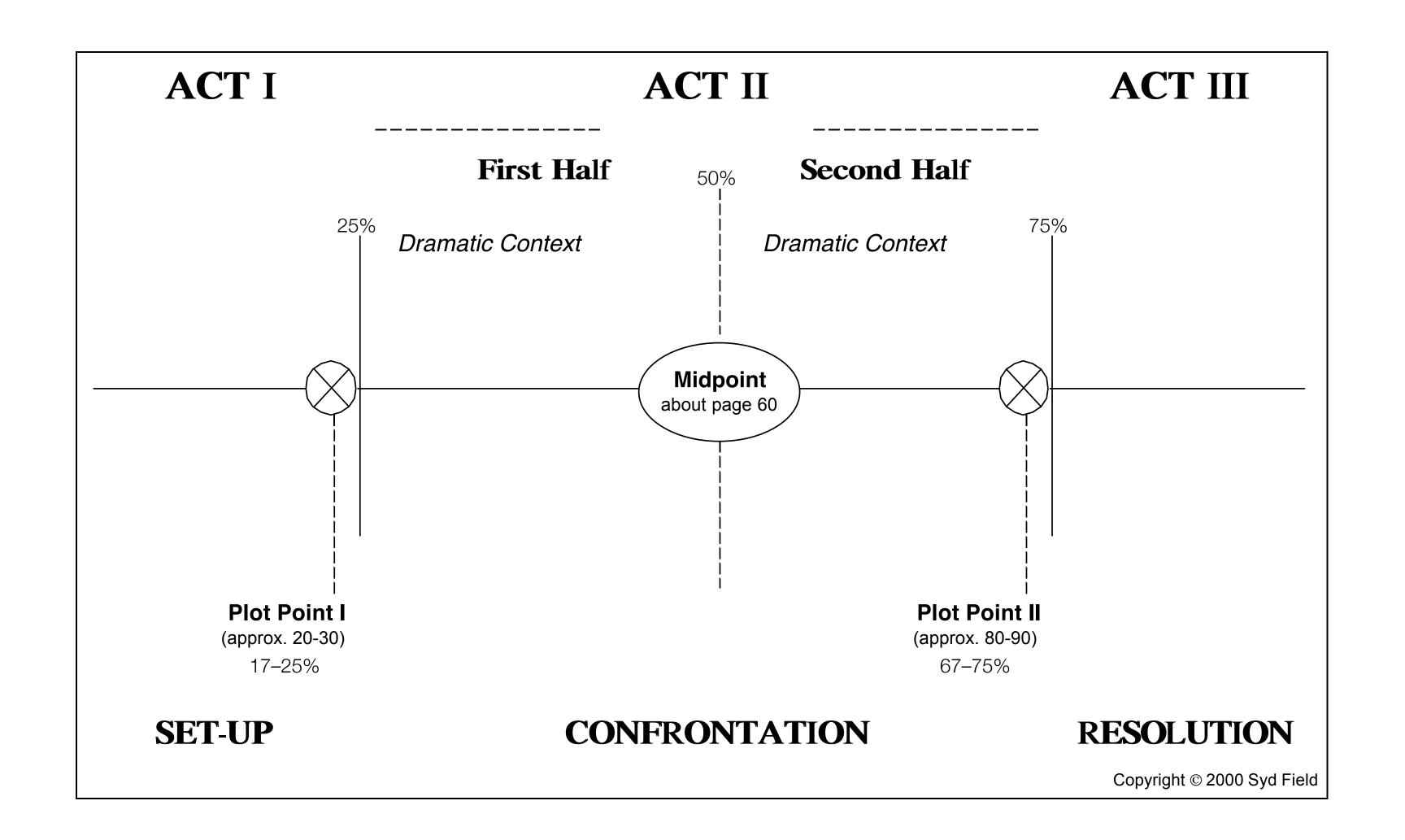
Players enjoy the internal experiences in reaction to the game's visceral, behavioral, cognitive, and social properties. Generates Excitement, Relaxation.

Players use games as mechanisms for social experiences of competition, teamwork, and opportunities for social bonding and personal recognition. Generates Amusement,

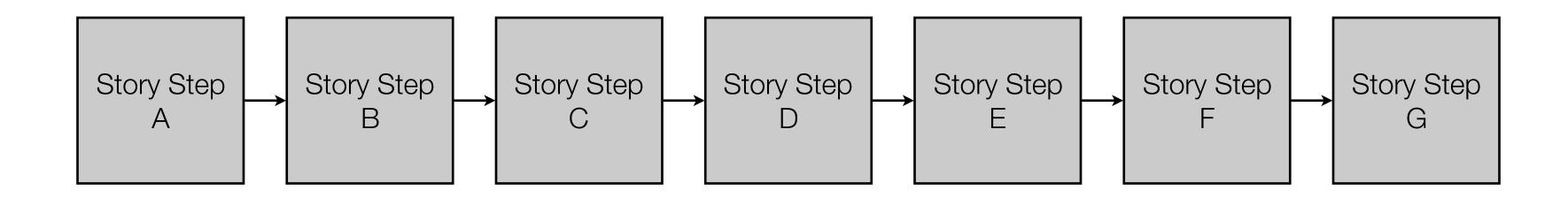
Schadenfreude, Naches.

3. How

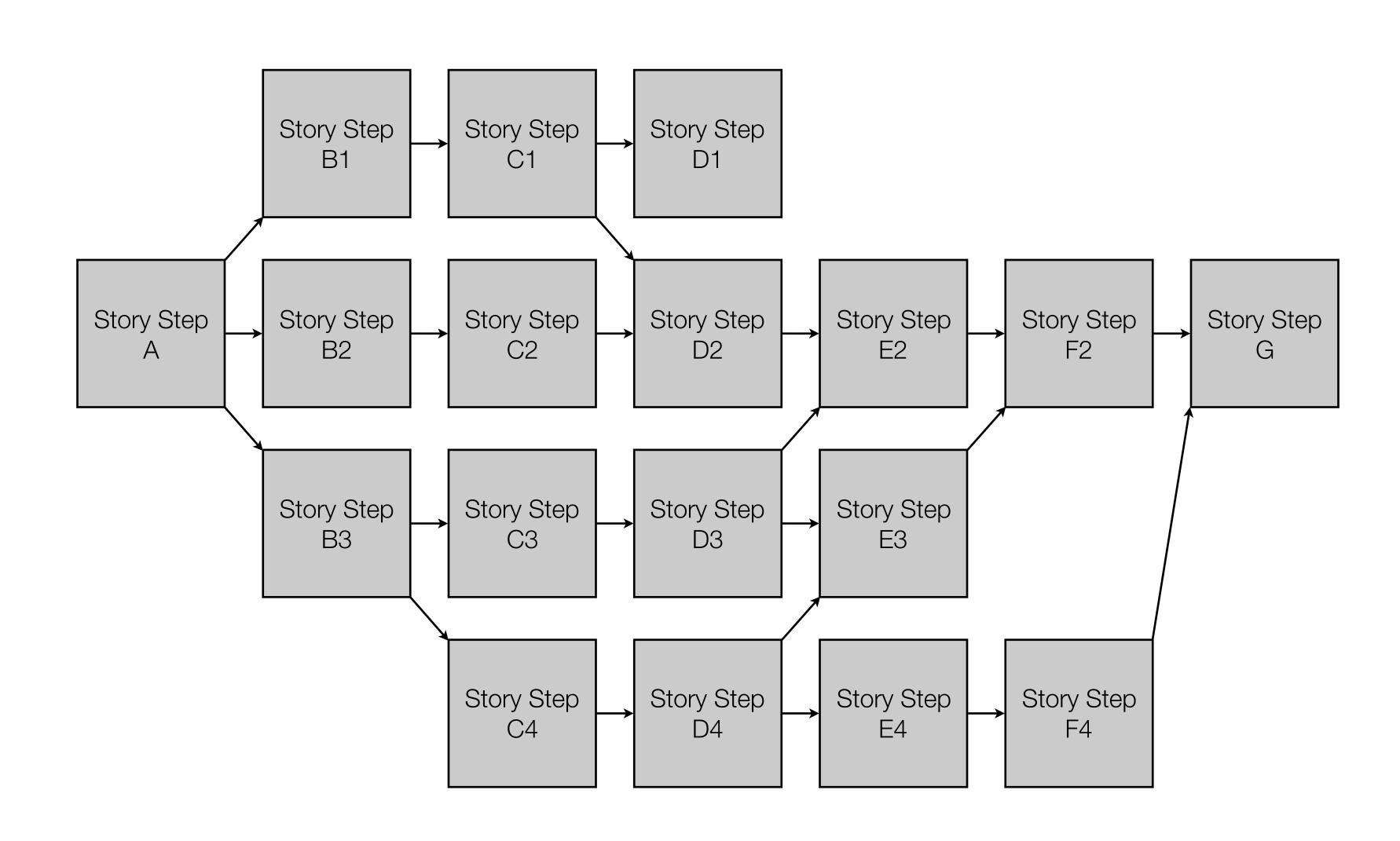
Basic Screenplay Design (Field)



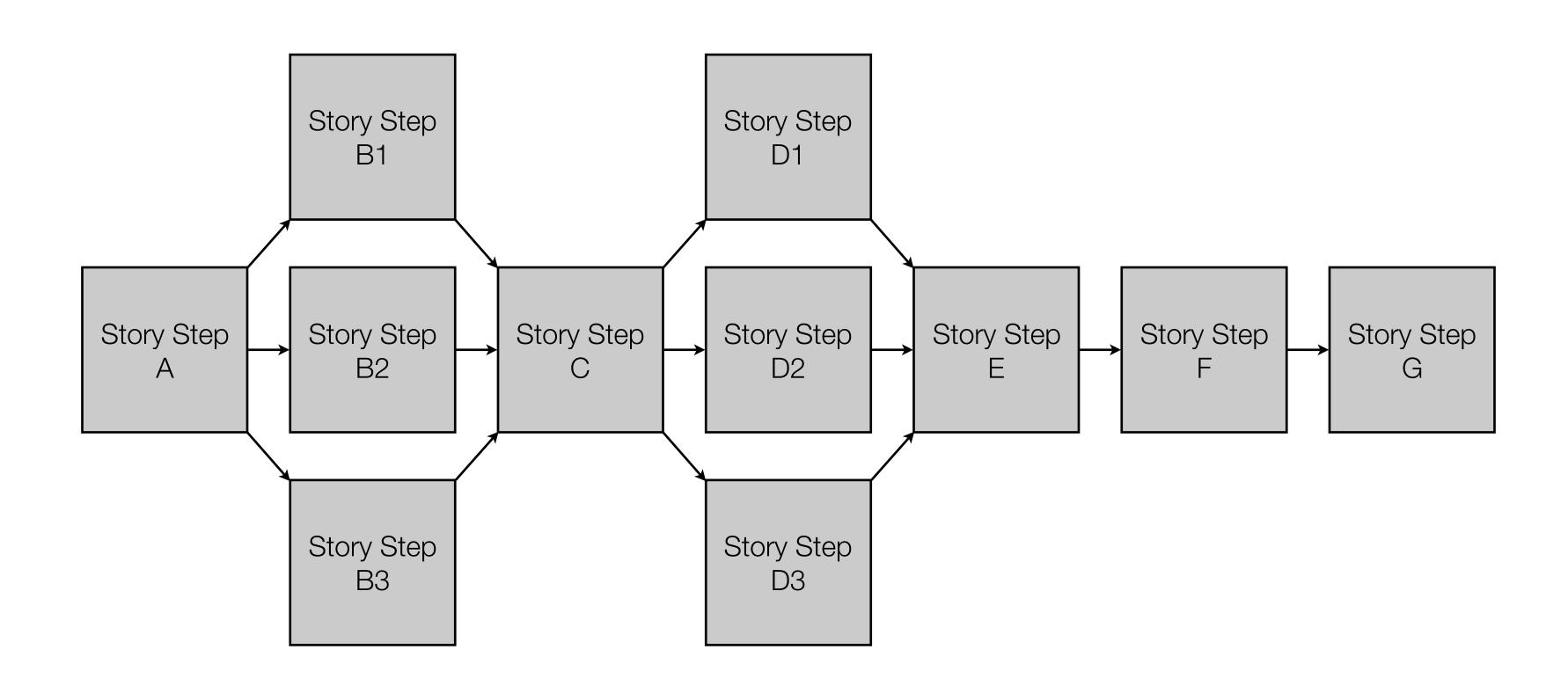
Storytelling for Games (Sheldon) – Linear Storytelling



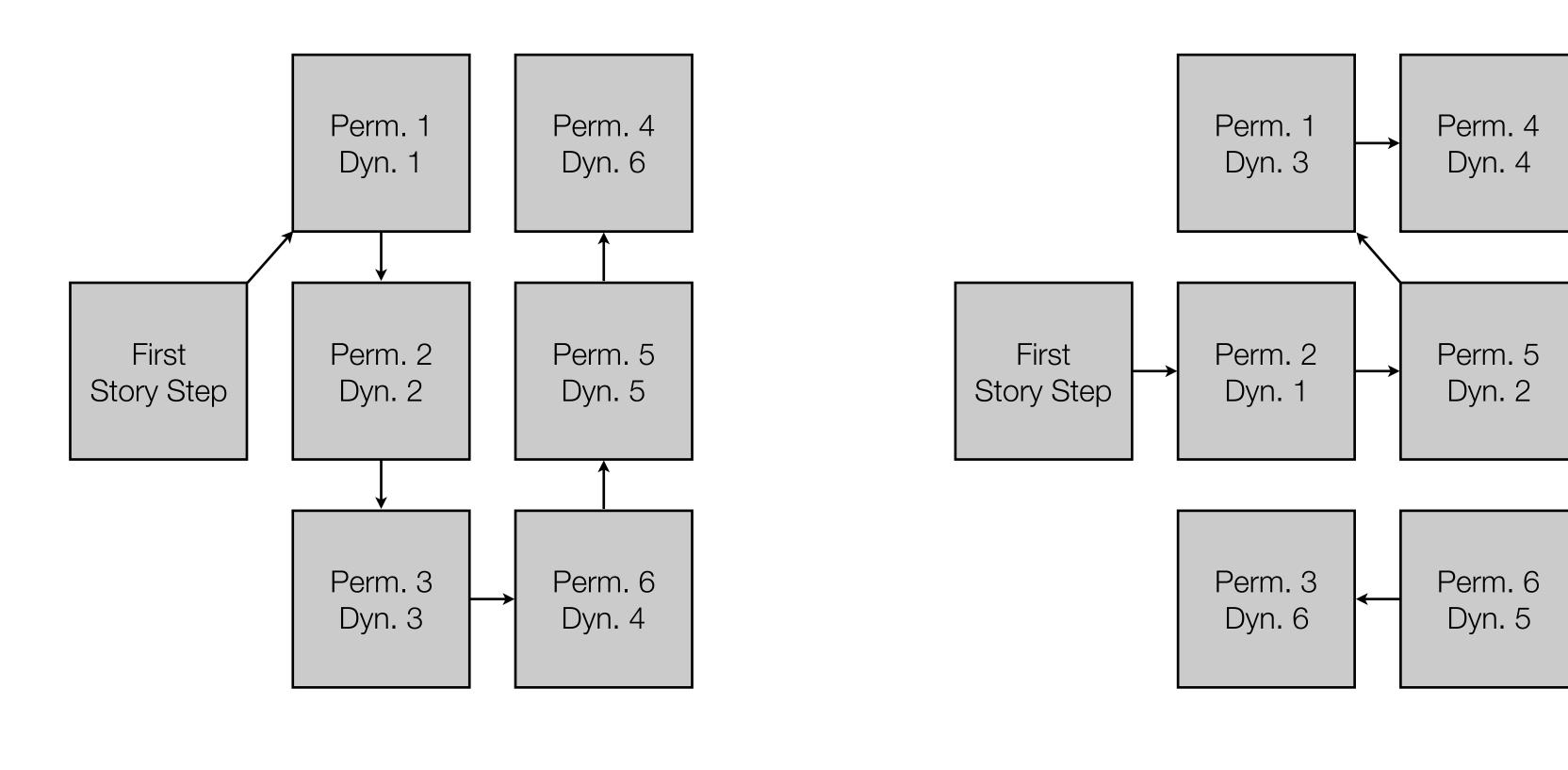
Branching Stories



Controlled Branching

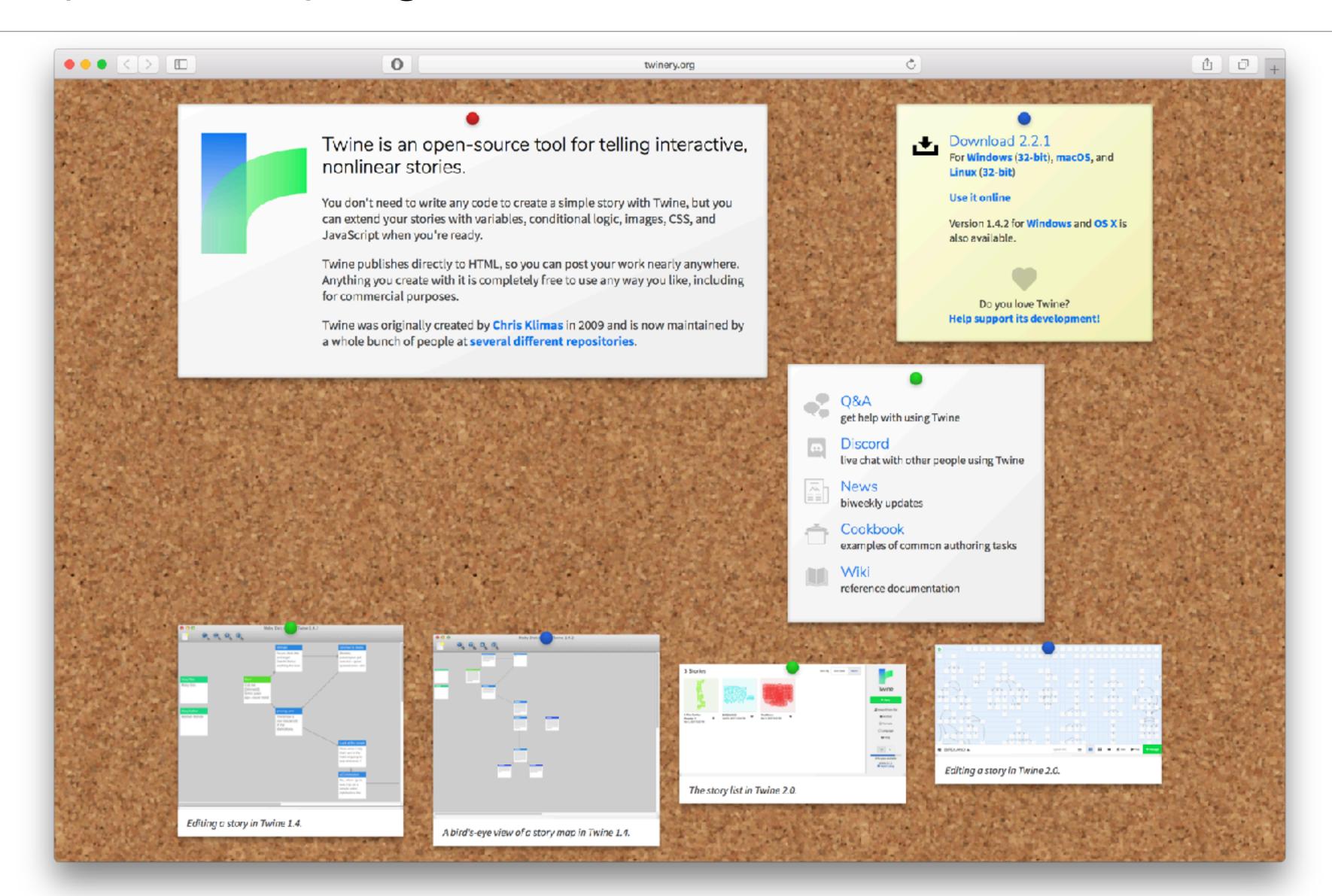


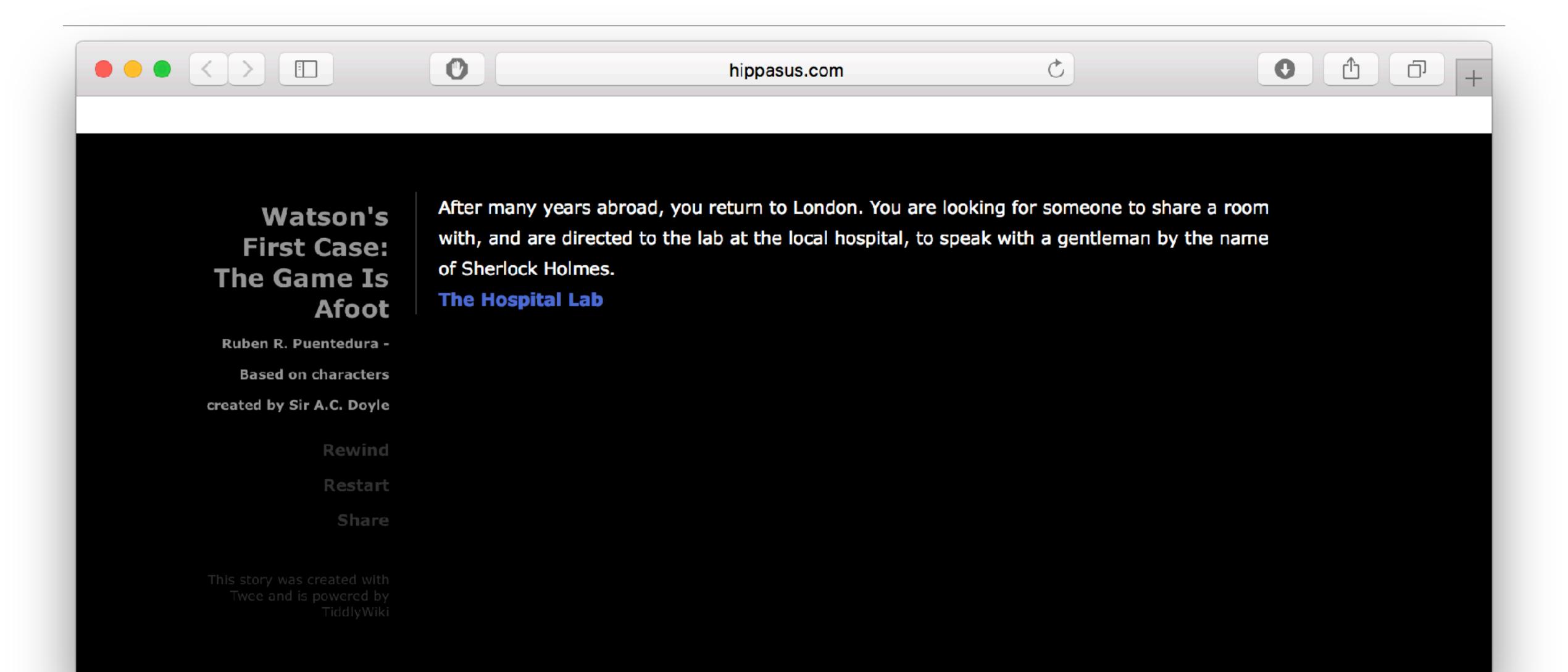
Modular Storytelling



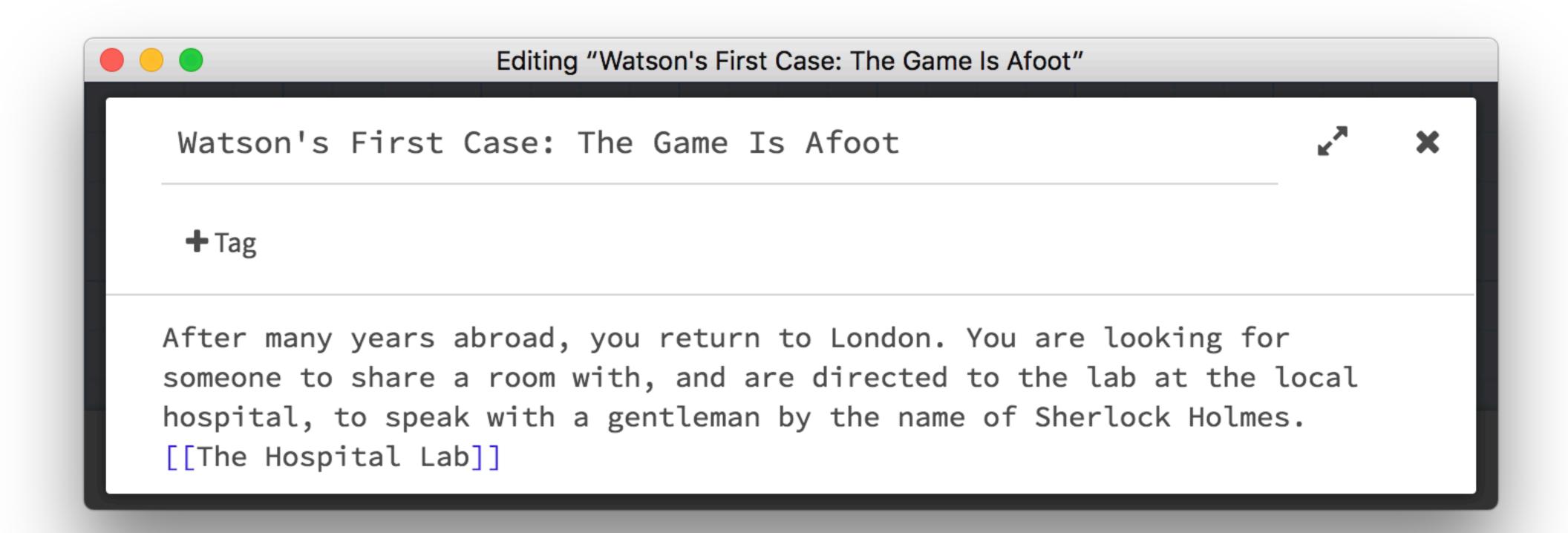
Player A Player B

Twine – http://twinery.org

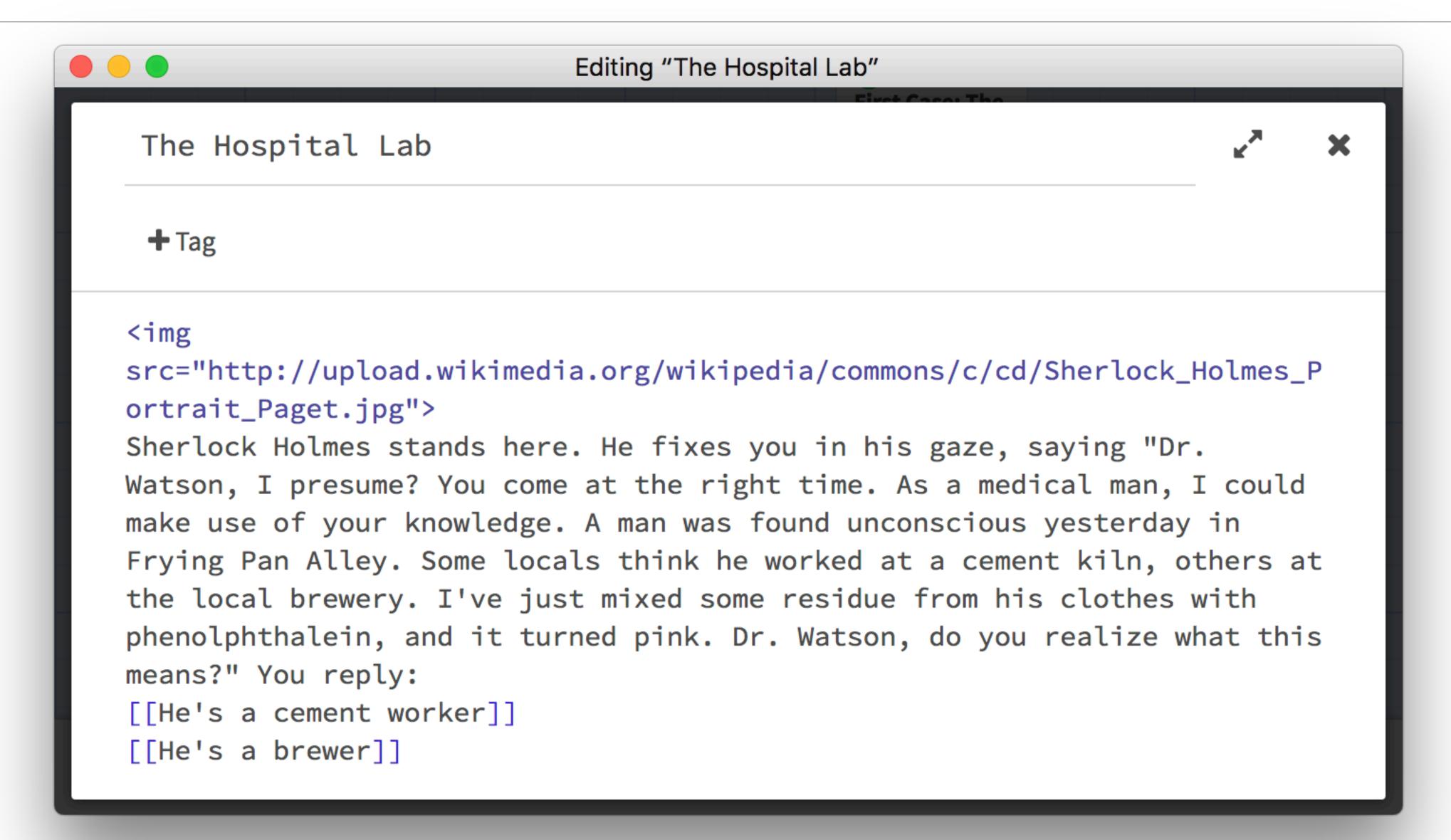




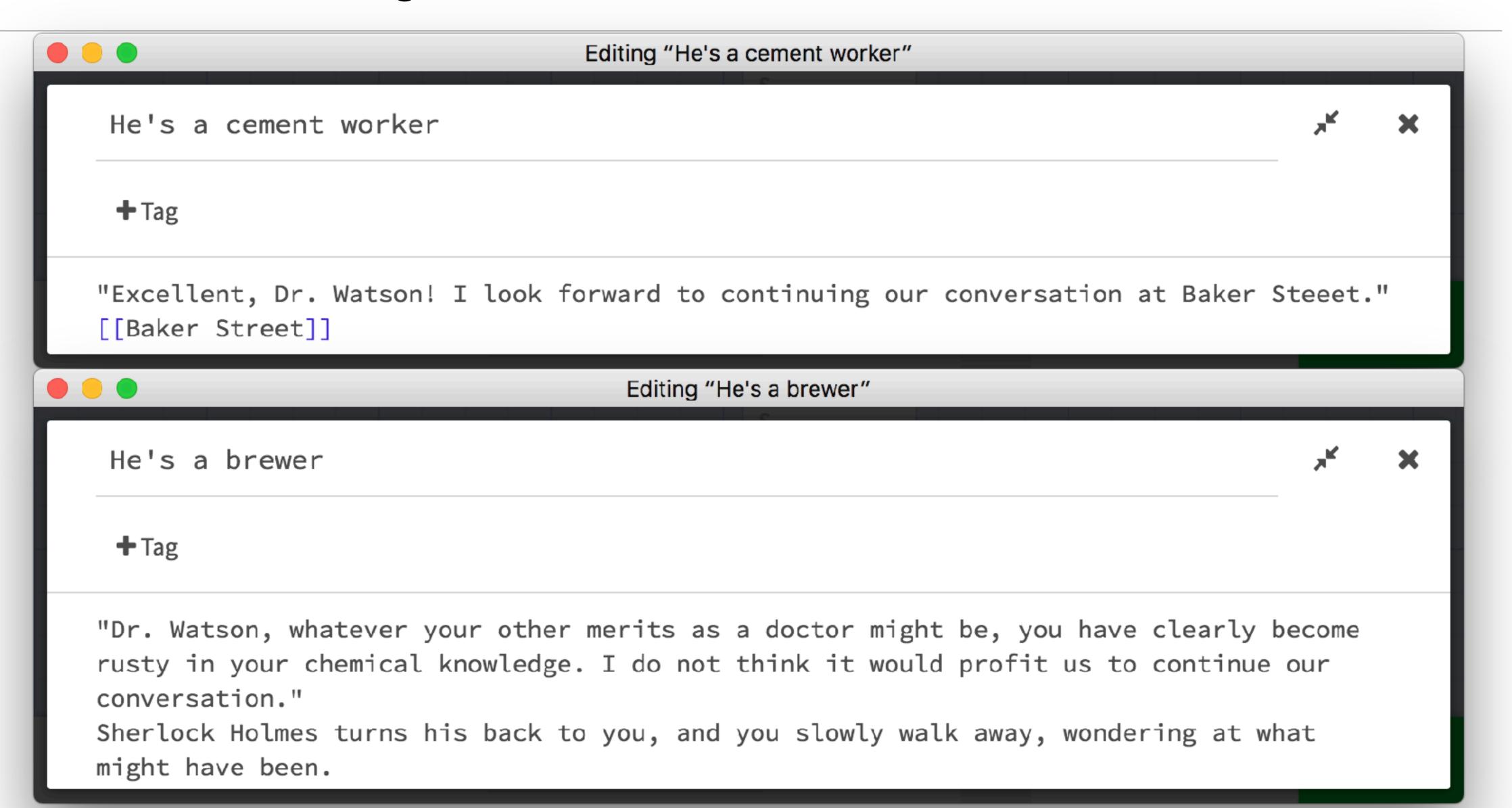
Setup



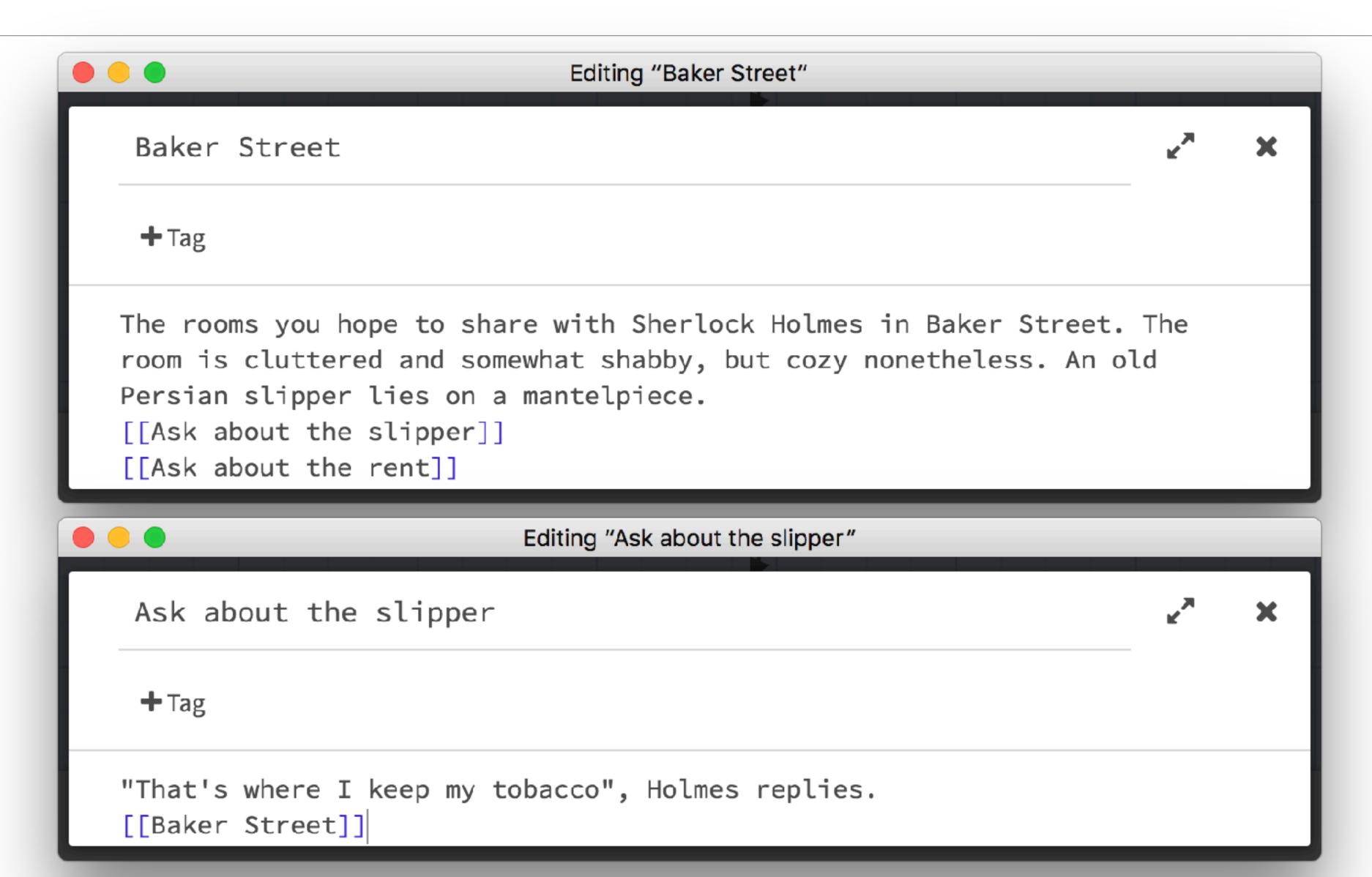
Branching and inserting media



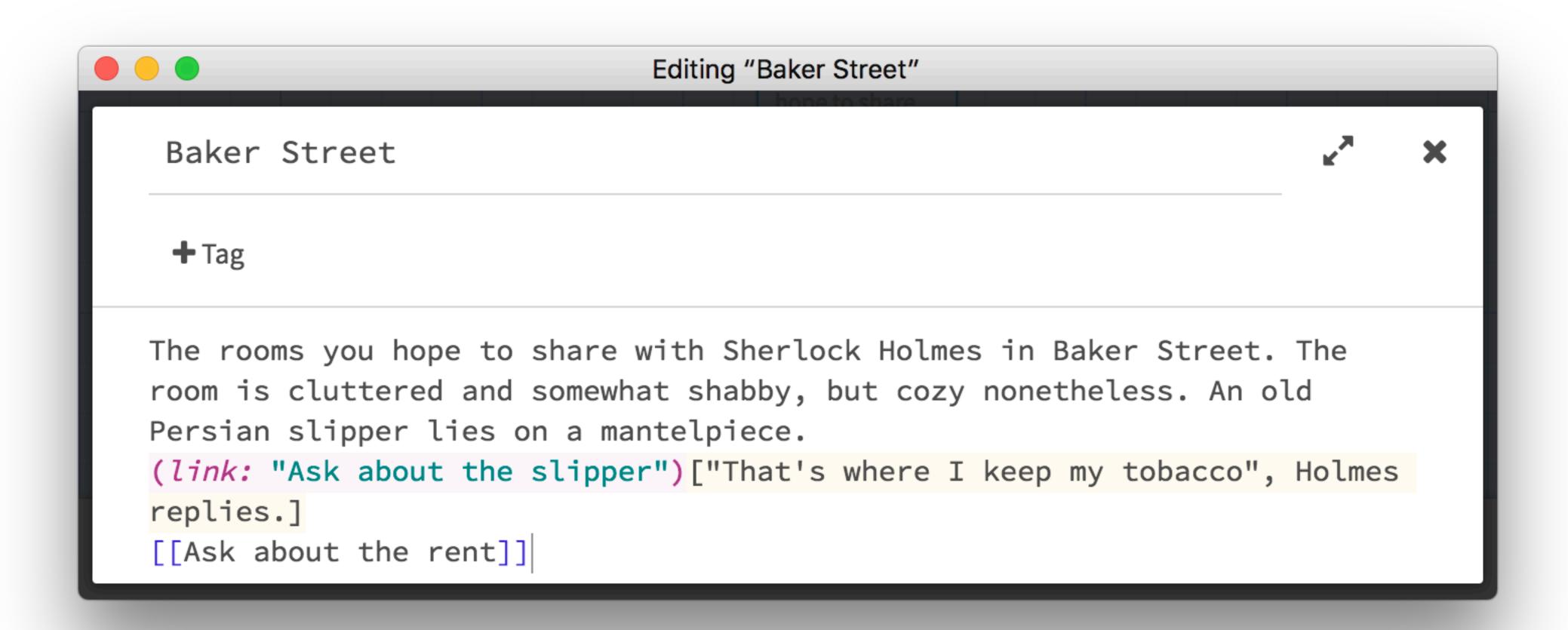
Puzzles and endings



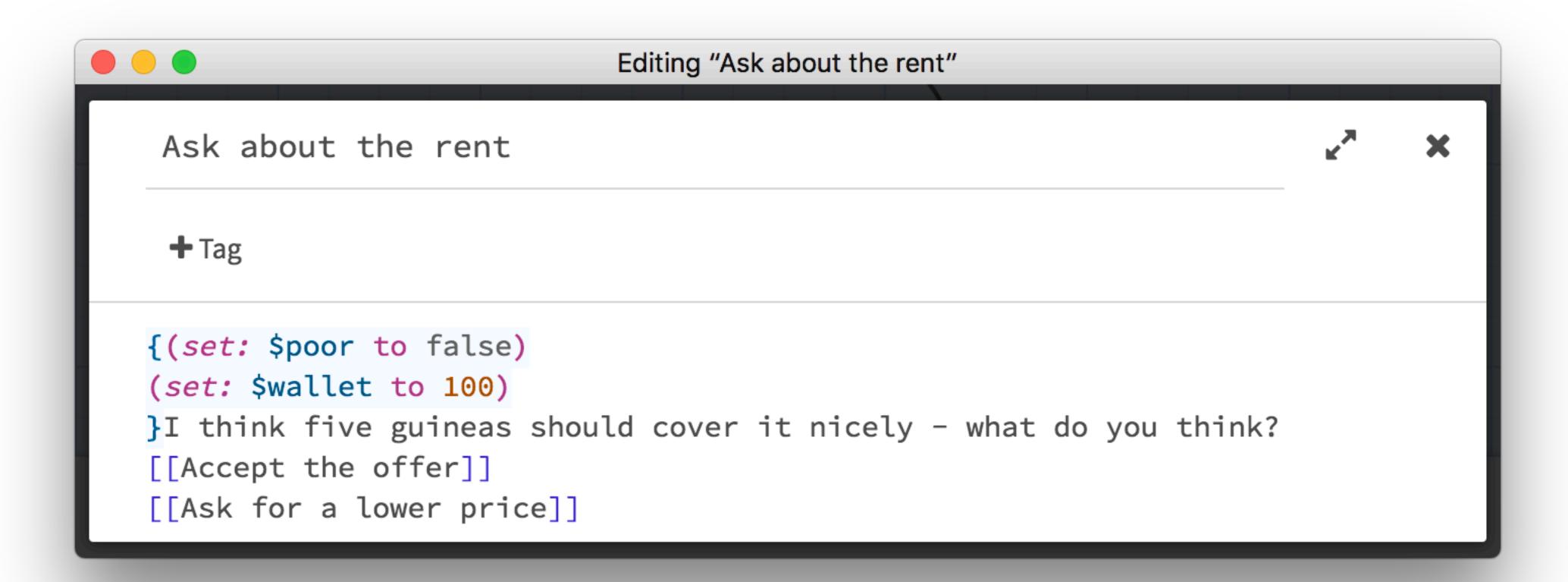
Choices: Take 1



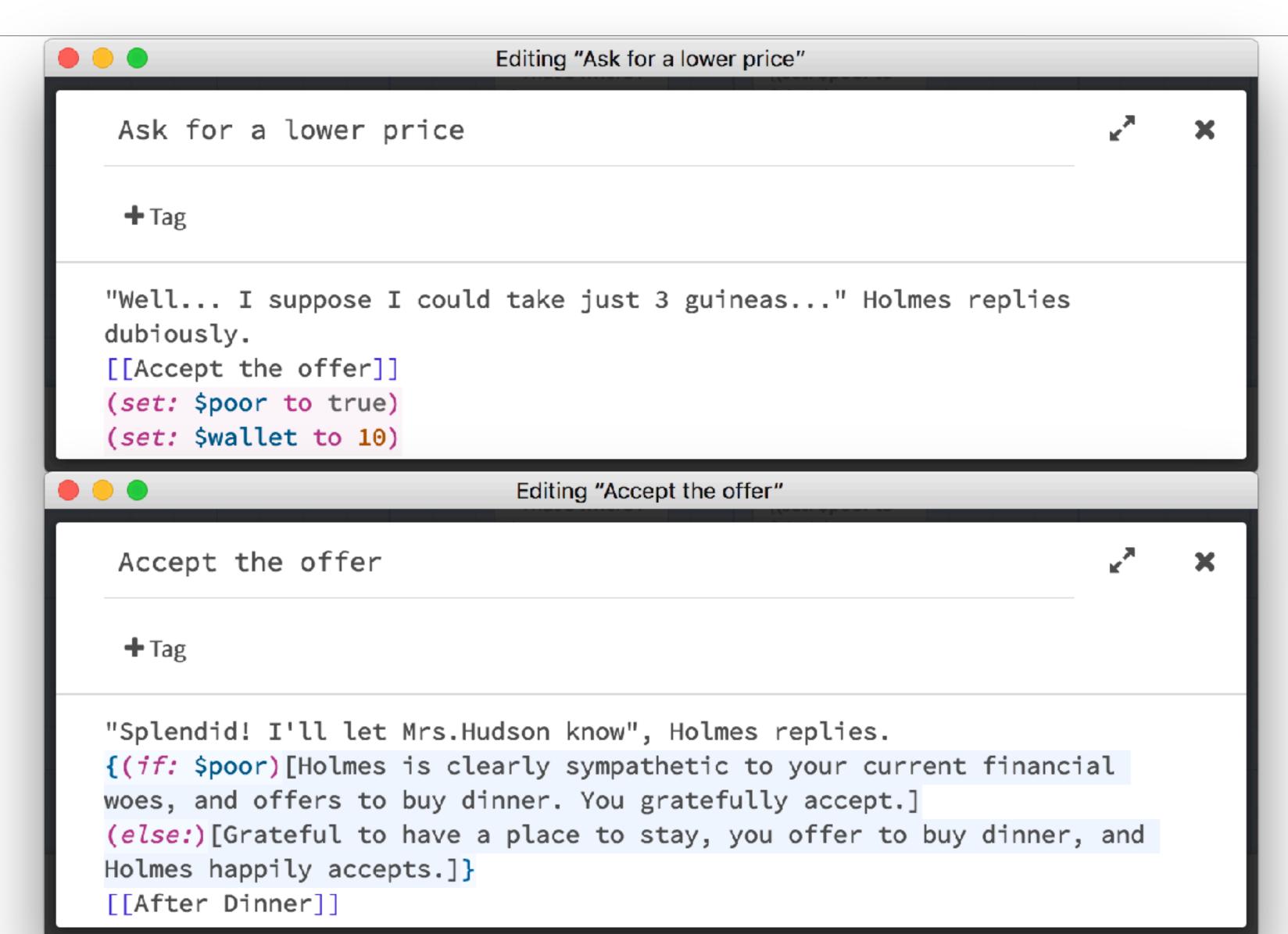
Choices: Using a macro and a hook



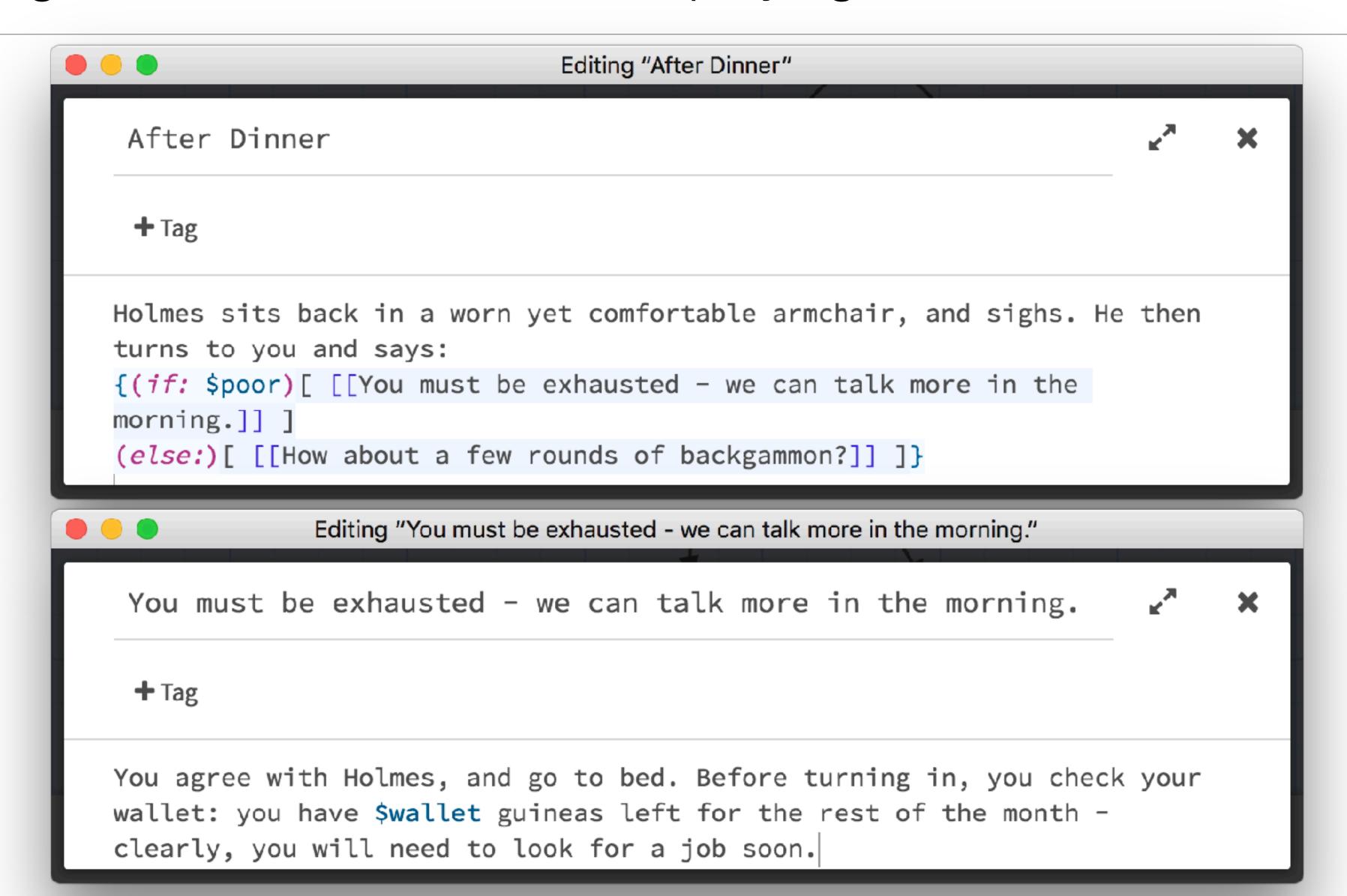
Creating variables and collapsing whitespace



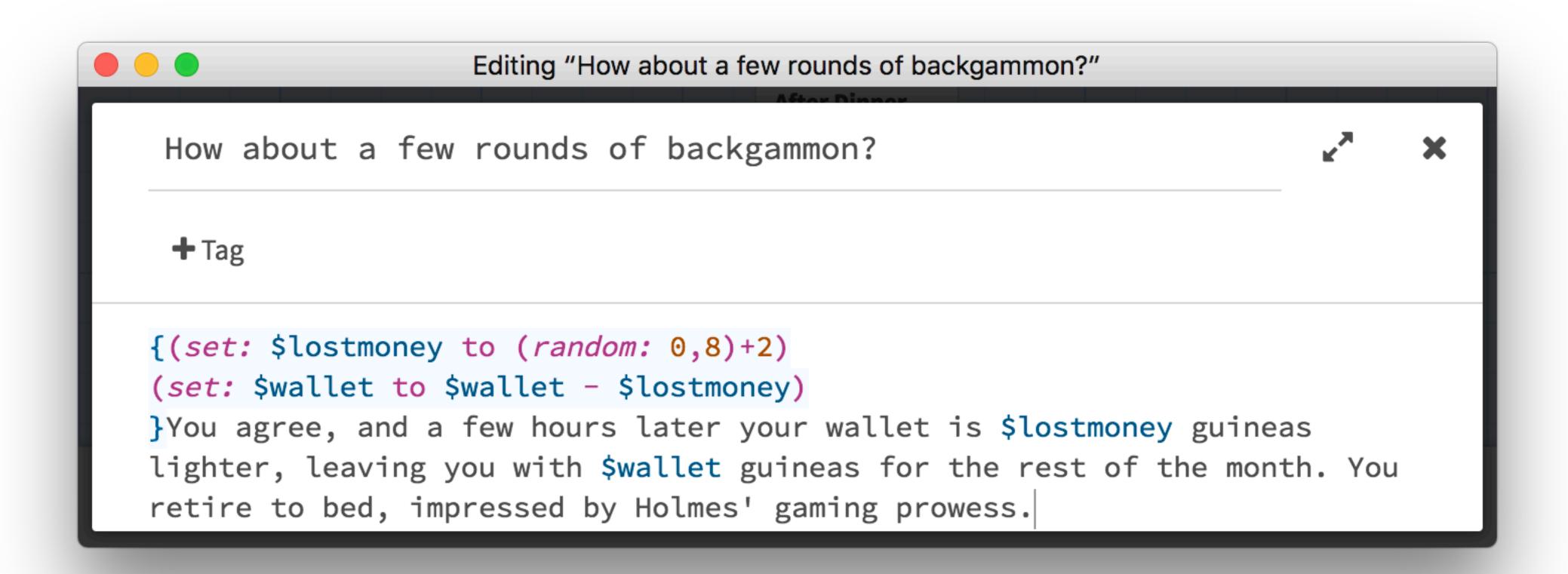
Using variables and if/else macros



Including links within hooks and displaying variables



Using variables in calculations



Some Text Formatting Options

Formatting	Source Code	Appears As
Italics	//text//	text
Boldface	''text''	text
Superscript	meters/second^^2^^	meters/second ²
Horizontal line		

Some More Macros

- Variables:
 - _mytvar: temp variable
 - \$mypvar: persistent variable
- Data Structures:
 - Array: (a: "Fred", "Mary", "John", "Jane")
 - Example: (set: \$namearray to (a: "Fred", "Mary", "John", "Jane"))
 - To create an array filled with consecutive numbers, use (range:1,5)
 - Example: (set: \$numberarray to (range:1,5))
 - To retrieve a particular item in an array, use the item's number: (2) of \$namearray
 - Example: (set: \$firstfemalename to (2) of \$namearray)
- Loops:
 - Over an array: (for: each _name, ...\$namearray)
 - Over a set of numbers: (for: each _i, ...(range:1,5))
- Conditionals:
 - If: (if: \$myvar is \$myresult)[TheHook]
 - Else: (else-if: \$myvar is \$myotherresult)[AnotherHook]
 - Final Else: (else:)[TheLastHook]
- User Input:
 - Yes/No: (confirm: "The question")
 - Text: (prompt: "The request", "The default answer")
 - To convert text to a number: (num: (prompt: "The request", "The default answer"))
- Parallelism:
 - Live: (live: 0.3s)[TheChangingHook]
 - Stop: (stop:)

```
Editing "Arrays"
                                                                         ×
    Arrays
                                                                               + Tag
  (set: $namearray to (a: "Fred", "Mary", "John", "Jane"))
  • (set: $numberarray to (range:1,5))
  (set: $firstfemalename to (2) of $namearray)
  $namearray
  $numberarray
  • $firstfemalename
  • [[Loops]]
Editing "Loops"
                                                                         ×
    Loops
    + Tag
                                                                               (set: $myarray to (a: "A","B","C"))
  (for: each _myitem, ...$myarray)[_myitem<br/>]
  (for: each _i, ...(range:1,3))[_i<br/>]
  [[Conditionals]]
Editing "Conditionals"
    Conditionals
    + Tag
  (set: $myvar to -1)
  (if: $myvar < 0)[$myvar is a negative number]</li>
  (else-if: $myvar is 0)[$myvar is zero]
  (else:)[$myvar is a positive number]
  • [[User Input]]
```

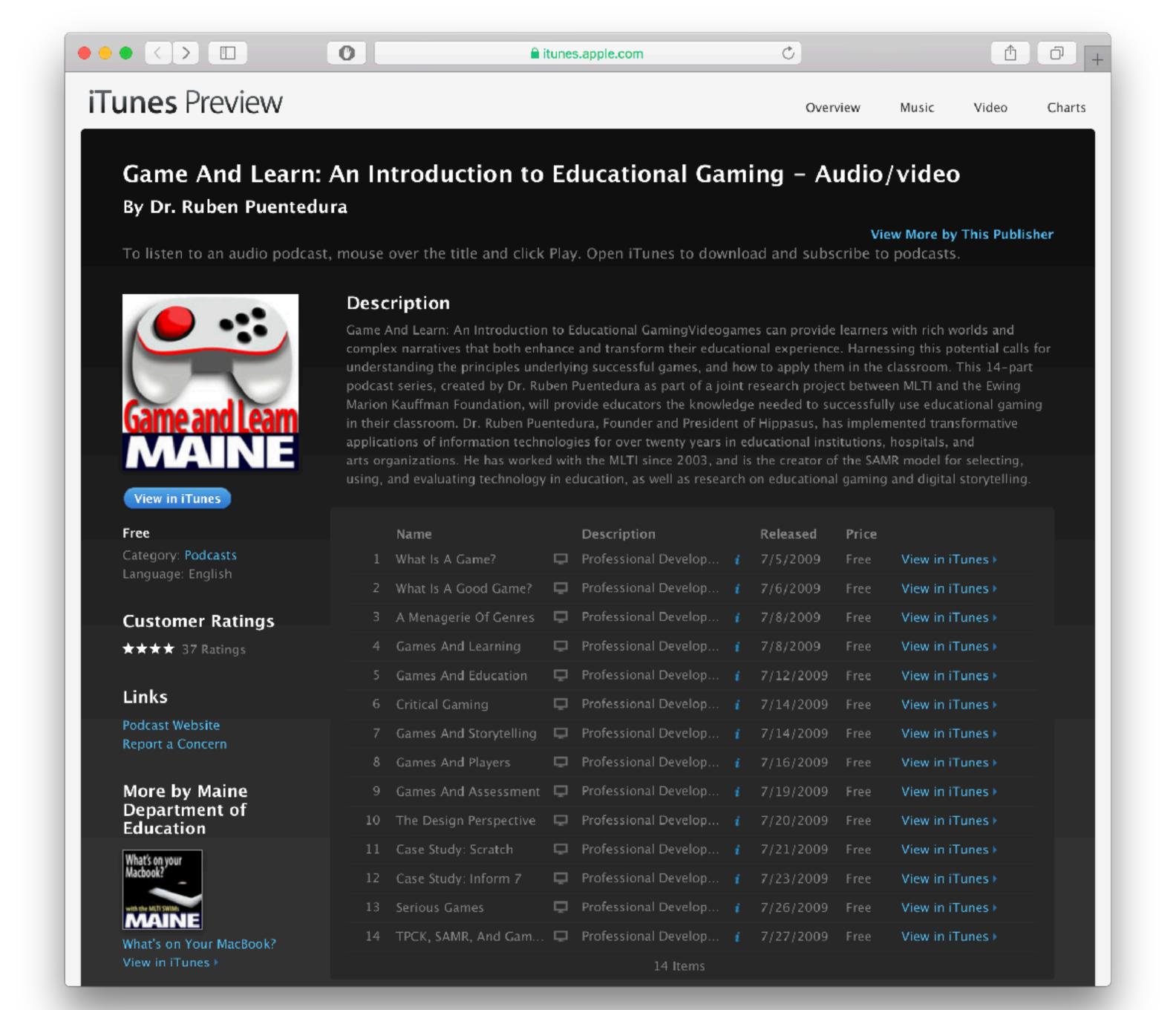
```
Editing "User Input"
  User Input
  + Tag

    (set: $useranswer to (confirm: "Would you like to play a game?"))

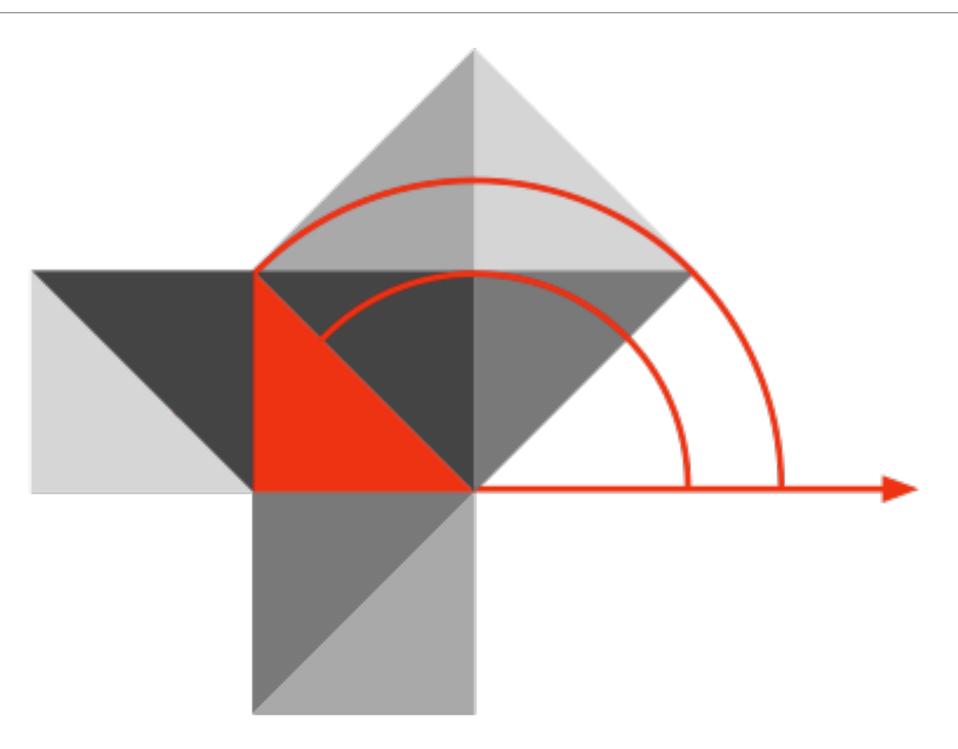
(if: $useranswer)[

    (set: $userguess to (num: (prompt: "What number am I thinking of?","0")))

  (if: $userguess is 7) [You got it!] (else:) [Nope, that's not it.]
• (else:)[OK, maybe another time.]
• [[Parallelism]]
                                Editing "Parallelism"
  Parallelism
  + Tag
(set: $stoprolling to false)
(live:0.3s)[
 (set: $dieroll to (random: 1,6)) The current number is: $dieroll
  (if: $stoprolling)[(stop:)]
(link: "Stop rolling")[(set: $stoprolling to true)]
```



Hippasus



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